

20 Sustainability Report





Letter from the President





The CONAI system, based on extended producer responsibility, continues to lead the way in Europe. Italy is one of the countries that recycles the most and at a lower cost, with a very high level of transparency. This transparency is, as always, the basis of our new Sustainability Report and its figures.

Presenting this new Report, the first of my term as President of the Consortium, brings both emotion and responsibility. Following the conclusion of the most acute phase of the pandemic, we are now going through a delicate phase, which seems to be evolving without coming to an end. The climate and energy crisis is linked to the difficult international situation marked by the war in Ukraine and now the conflict in the Gaza Strip: a conjuncture that affects world economies and prolongs the uncertainty in which they must operate.

It is a scenario in which CONAI has continued and continues to guarantee the recycling of stable quantities of packaging waste. In fact, the first half of 2022 saw a marked acceleration in release for consumption and recycling activities, and a slowdown in the second half. However, despite a more restrictive calculation method, which adopts the new calculation method provided by EU Decision 2019/665, moving the point of measurement of recycled quantities further downstream, Italy gave a second life to 71.5% of the packaging placed on the market: 10.4 million tonnes.

A great result, especially in a country as poor in raw materials as ours. And, as the new Report shows, an important contribution to the need to withstand the impact of the climate and energy crisis:

recycling makes it possible to reduce carbon dioxide emissions and contribute to energy saving.

This edition of the Report also contains several new features compared to previous editions.

We wanted to include the Environmental Statement, which defines the EU Eco-Management and Audit Scheme EMAS. We have also taken the first steps towards the new European Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive.

In addition, we wanted to enhance the document with a new in-depth study on "Scenarios and perspectives for the decarbonisation of the sector", produced with Italy for Climate.

A comprehensive document, therefore, created through a process verified at every stage: a starting point towards increasingly participatory reporting. In some ways, it is a reflection of the commitment that the CONAI EPR organisation has been pursuing for over twenty-five years: not only to ensure that Italy reaches and exceeds the recycling targets called for by the European Union, but also to spread an environmental awareness that includes the protection of the Planet and its resources and the use of increasingly clear and reliable data and information.

Ignazio Capuano
CONAI President



CONAI in figures



695,786 **CONAI EPR ORGANISATION MEMBERS**

5,000

REGISTERED WITH THE COMMUNITY

68

CONAL **EMPLOYEES**

دې

SAVED 26 TWh

PRIMARY ENERGY

EFFECTIVE RECYCLING

4.8 million t

4.8 million t

PRIMARY MATERIAL SAVED

CO₂ EMISSIONS AVOIDED

4.7 million tCO₂.

VALUE GENERATED FOR THE COUNTRY €1.5 billion

VALUE DISTRIBUTED

TO MUNICIPALITIES/OPERATORS **ANCI-CONAI PAYMENTS**

€680 million

TO OPERATORS FOR **C&I PACKAGING COLLECTION** €24 million

TO OPERATORS FOR SORTING, TRANSPORTATION AND RECYCLING €440 million

Towers of Pisa

3,767 trips

the world

around

Domestic electricity

consumption of 1/3

of Italian households

National System

EFFECTIVE RECYCLING

10.4 million t

PRIMARY MATERIAL SAVED

11.8 million t



PRIMARY ENERGY SAVED

56 TWh



CO₂ EMISSIONS AVOIDED

10 million tCO₂



TO LOCAL PROJECTS €1.9 million

18.7 million inhabitants involved in extraordinary projects in southern Italy

PLACED ON THE MARKET

14.5 million t





71.5%

effective recycling rate

> REUSABLE **PACKAGING**

1.2 million tonnes



(recycling + energy recovery) 11.7 million t

> (80.5% of packaging placed on the market



CONAI Sustainability Report

Much more than a Report

3 LEVELS OF REPORTING



NATIONAL system



CONAI system



ORGANISATION

A SINGLE DOCUMENT FOR ALL STAKEHOLDERS



Sustainability Report



Environmental Statement **** 2022-2025



EMAS



Voluntary non-financial statement

according to Legislative Decree 254/2016 And first references to the new Directive (EU) 2022/2464 (CSRD)

CERTIFIED REPORTING



GRI 2021 "GRI - with reference to" option





CONAI Sustainability Report

A participatory process verified at every stage





with **Management**

Pre-assessmentCertification body

Materiality assessment

- Identification of important themes according to impact rationale, GRI standards and CSRD
- Stakeholders engagement
- Creation of outline of themes categorised by relevance

Definition of structure and drafting the report

- Identification of GRI indicators with the "with reference to the GRI standards" option
- Drafting of contents

Revision and layout

- Review of text
- Document graphics

Checks

- Validation of EMAS and 14001 Environmental Statement (integrated in the report)
- GRI assessment and non-financial reporting

Abstract and publication

- Presentation abstract
- Distribution of information



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CONAI: what it is and what it does

The first EPR system in Italy dedicated to packaging

CONAI – **Consorzio Nazionale Imballaggi** – is made up of **over 690,000 firms** producing and using packaging.

It is a **non-profit** consortium legally founded to implement the **extended producer responsibility** (EPR) principle for packaging producers/users.

CONAI has been entrusted with significant **duties** by law.



Ensuring the achievement of the packaging waste recovery and recycling objectives currently in force, overseeing the cooperation of Consortia and other economic actors.



Reducing the amount of packaging waste going to landfill by promoting recovery alternatives.



Working in accordance with the principle of subsidiarity, taking over from separate collection service managers in the event of the inadequacy of the separate collection systems set up by local governments, in order to achieve recovery and recycling objectives.



Organising information, training and awareness-raising campaigns aimed at packaging users and consumers in particular.



Incentivising recycling and recovery of secondary raw materials by promoting the market for them.



Promoting and coordinating the separate collection of packaging waste in accordance with efficiency, effectiveness and affordability criteria.



Acquiring data relating to packaging flows into and out of the country and from the economic operators involved and supplying the data and information requested by the Ministry of Environment and Energy Security (MASE).



Entering into a national framework programme agreement with ANCI, the Union of Italian Provinces (UPI) or the sector authorities, with a view to guaranteeing implementation of the principle of management co-responsibility between producers, users and local governments (authorities).



Ensuring compliance with the "polluter pays" principle as regards producers and users by means of EPR environmental contribution fee calculation.



Promoting environmental packaging and packaging waste impact prevention, through study and research into the production of environmentally friendly, reusable and recyclable packaging.



The CONAI bodies

The governance of the Consortium is dictated by the Statute and Rules of CONAI.



MEMEBERS' ASSEMBLY

Represents all EPR organisation member firms that produce and use packaging. It elects 18 out of 19 members of the Board of Directors and 4 out of 7 members of the Board of Auditors.



BOARDS OF DIRECTORS

Made up of 19 members, holds office for three financial years and elects the President of the EPR organisation and two Vice-Presidents from among its members.





PRESIDENT AND TWO VICE PRESIDENTS

The **President** remains in office for three financial years and is responsible for representing the EPR organisation before third parties and in court. The office is alternately held by the category of producers and of users in the forms provided for by the Statute (article 25, paragraph 4).

The **2 Vice Presidents** have the legal representation of the EPR organisation within the limits of any powers delegated to them by the Board of Directors.



GENERAL MANAGER

Responsible for the running of the EPR organisation, directing it and providing for its ordinary activities. Assists the President in executing the resolutions of the EPR organisation bodies and attends the meetings of the Assembly and of the Board of Directors, but without voting rights.



BOARD OF AUDITORS

Supervises compliance with the law, the Articles of Association and the Rules and Regulations, respect for the principles of proper administration, and in particular the adequacy of the organisational, administrative and accounting structure adopted by the EPR organisation and its effective operation.



7 FULL MEMBERS

• 1 nominated by MASE

1 representative for **CONSUMERS** nominated by MASE and MIMIT

- 1 nominated by MIMIT
- 1 nominated by MEF



2 SUBSTITUTE MEMBERS



Packaging waste management EPR systems:

CONAI Packaging Material Consortia and Self-compliance EPR schemes

CONAI guides the work of the seven packaging material consortia, both private and non-profit, working in the collection and recycling/recovery of packaging waste in various materials across the whole of Italy and in a market support role.

There are currently **three self-compliance EPR schemes** working to promote the recycling of **specific types of plastic packaging** and a new
multi-material self-compliance EPR scheme **Erion Packaging** in operation from 2023.



Steel RICREA



Paper and Cardboard **COMIECO**



Glass COREVE



Aluminium **CIAL**



Wood RILEGNO





Plastic **COREPLA**



Aliplast **P.A.R.I.**



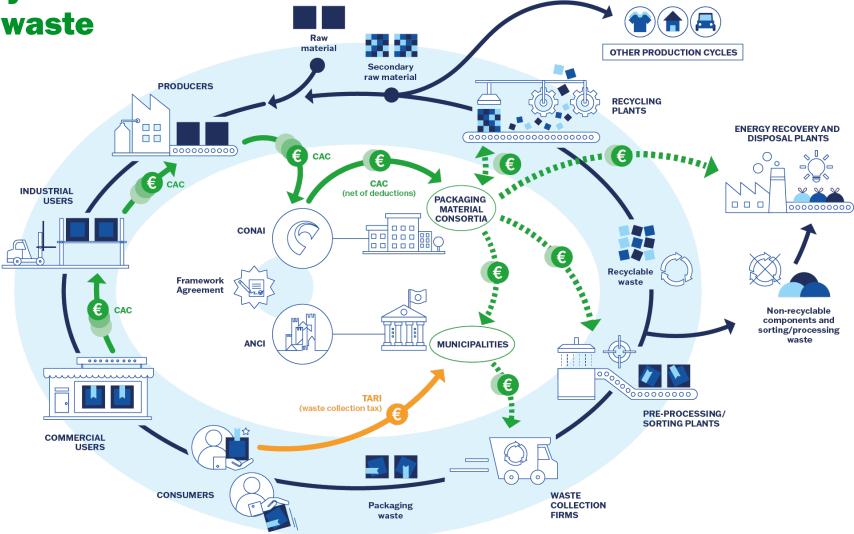
CONIP





1.4

The national system of packaging waste management







Reporting starts from the needs of stakeholders

CONAI's new outline of themes categorised by relevance

The process of determining the various material issues was carried out through an **assessment of activities**, **business relations**, **stakeholders and their interactions at all levels of reporting**: National System, CONAI System, Organisation.

This process was carried out in an integrated manner, updating the Environmental Analysis and Risk Matrix to determine the significant environmental aspects of ISO 14001 and EMAS Regulation.

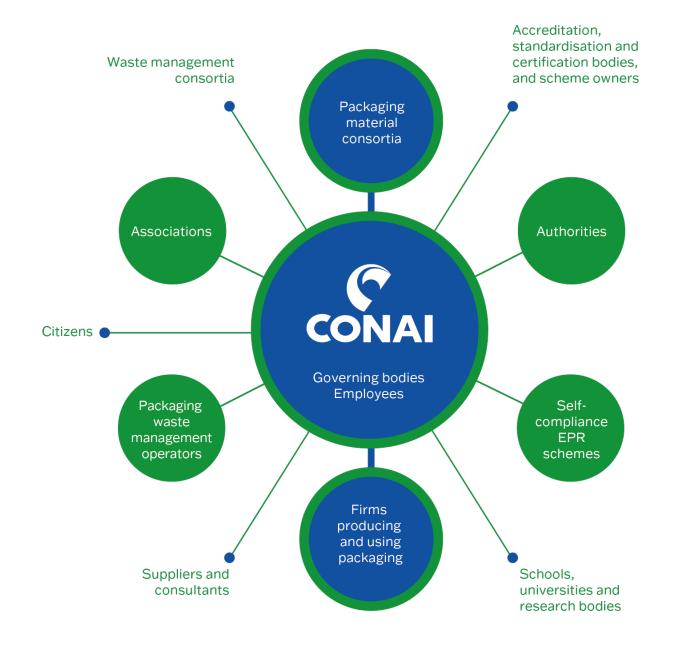




2.2 Context and stakeholders

New: inclusion of new stakeholders

- Biorepack Consortium for the management of biodegradable and compostable plastic packaging
- · Additional reference institutions such as UPI and ANEA
- Accreditation, standardisation and certification bodies, and scheme owners
- Self-compliance EPR schemes
- Citizens
- Additional associations





Outline of themes categorised by relevance

The important themes reflect impacts, activities and interactions at all levels of the Consortium's reporting.

The themes are categorised as priority, high and neutral importance according to the findings of the risk assessment.

The topics of anti-corruption, respect for human rights, and health and safety of workers were placed at an 'overarching' level because they were deemed relevant to the current context.

Neutral importance

- Employee training and management
- Material and waste management in offices
- Managing energy consumption and emissions in offices
- Consumption of water in offices



Growing contribution to the circular economy and environmental protection



Development



Compliance with mandatory and voluntary requirements



Improvement of organisational processes

High importance

- · Promotion of innovation and research
- Support for disadvantaged areas
- Consumption of raw materials
- Antitrust compliance
- · Greenhouse gas emissions and climate change
- **Energy consumption**
- Skills development: Training, education and awareness-raising of organisations, associations and citizens
- Financial support to ensure the effective functioning of the system



Growing contribution to the circular economy and environmental protection







Development of skills



Compliance with mandatory and voluntary requirements



Accountability



Improvement of organisational processes

Priority importance

- · Direct and indirect economic benefits of packaging recovery
- Prevention of waste generation
- Secondary raw materials, EoW and circular economy
- · Achievement of national recycling targets
- Support for qualitative and quantitative growth of separate collection
- Accountability: traceability, reliability and robustness of data
- Coordination and role in multi-level governance and stakeholder relations



Growing contribution to the circular economy and environmental protection





Strengthening of

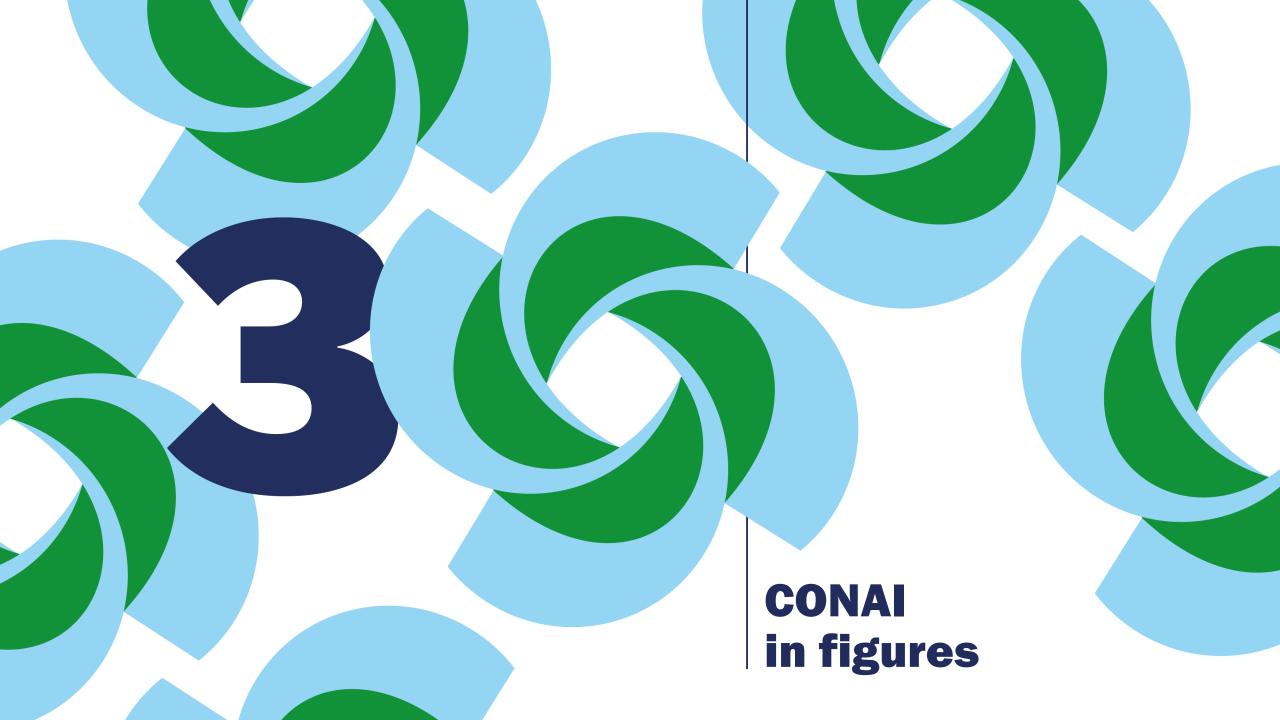


Accountability

SIGNIFICANCE

All-encompassing themes

- Fight against corruption
- Respect for human rights
- Health and safety of workers

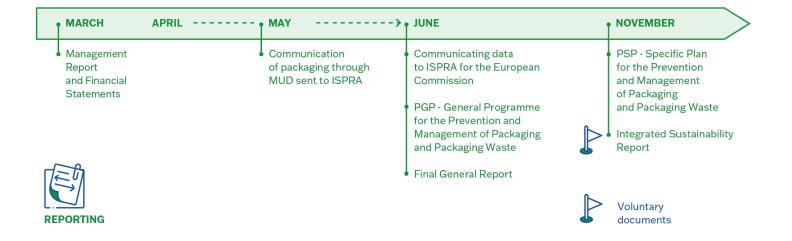


3.1

Transparent reporting

CONAI's institutional tasks include:

- drafting documentation that is required by law
- necessary liaison and coordination functions between public administrations, packaging material consortia and other economic operators
- organising information campaigns
- collecting and transmitting recycling and recovery data to the competent authorities





3.2 National data validation programme

The management system, originating from a voluntary project shared by CONAI, packaging material consortia and the CONIP self-compliance EPR scheme, now has its own technical standardisation.

On 20 June 2023, the UNI 11914 standard was published, entitled "Management System for Determining the Quantities of Packaging Waste Produced, Recycled and Recovered with Energy Production".

It defines a standard process for validating the procedures for determining input, recycling and recovery data for packaging waste from EPR systems, and thus guarantees the highest quality of the data provided in conformity with current legislation.

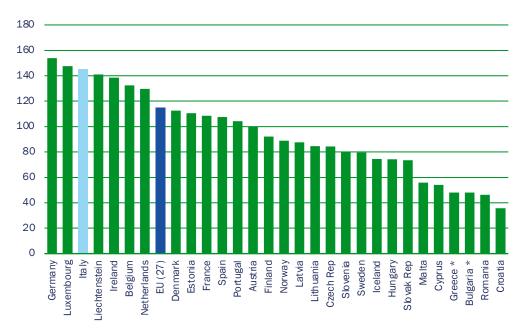
It was the result of a project coordinated by UNI's "packaging and environment" working group, on a project put forward by CONAI based on the experience of the "Obiettivo riciclo" project.

ON-SITE VERIFICATIONS (documentary) (field) 9

3.3

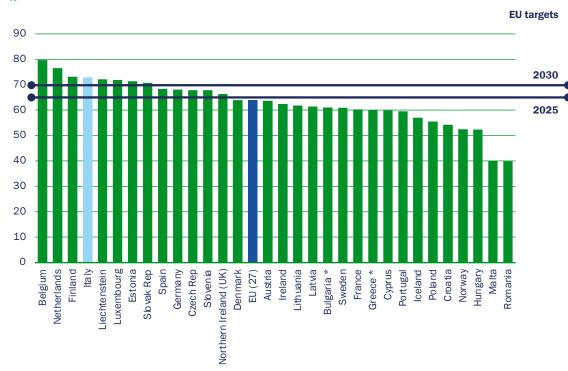
Italy among the best performers in Europe

RECYCLING PER CAPITA IN EUROPE 2020



SOURCE: Eurostat 2020 (updated March 2023).

RECYCLING PERCENTAGE RESULTS EUROPE 2020



^{* 2019} data.





Placed on the market

Includes the "de minimis" and "free riding" corrections introduced by Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2019/665 of 17 April 2019, amending Decision 2005/270/EC of 22 March 2005.

PACKAGING PLACED ON THE MARKET

	2021	2022	Annual change
Material	ktonnes	ktonnes	%
Steel	556	519	6.65%
Aluminium	81	82	0.99%
Paper	5,301	5,309	0.16%
Wood	3,450	3,422	-0.82%
Plastic and bioplastic	2,271	2,309	1.68%
Glass	2,850	2,838	-0.40%
Total	14,509	14,479	-0.2%

Steel

Return to normal values after the sharp increase in 2021.



Aluminium

Significant growth driven by beverage cans.



Paper

Stable following growth in 2021, driven by new consumer habits (e.g. e-commerce), and a preference for cellulosic packs.



Wood

Stable following the 2021 rebound, 75% of the packaging placed on the market is comprised of pallets (new and used).



Plastic

Slight growth, with 76.8 ktonnes of biodegradable and compostable plastic packaging.



FINAL RESULTS 2022	Placed on the market
	ktonnes
Total plastic	2,232.0
Remit of Corepla	1,907.4
Remit of PARI	13.8
Remit of CONIP	81.8
Remit of Coripet	229.0
Total bioplastic	76.8
Remit of Biorepack	76.8
Total plastic and bioplastic	2,308.8

Glass

Stable, 290 ktonnes returnable glass bottles in 2022.



SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI Research Centre based on institutional documents by packaging material consortia and self-compliance EPR schemes (May - 2023).



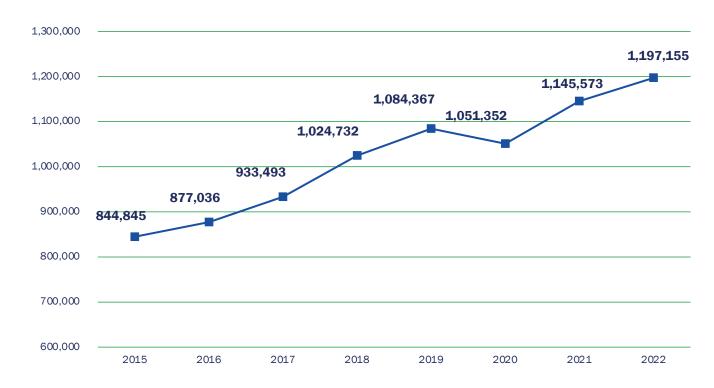


Reuse

1.2 million tonnes of reusable packaging declared to CONAI

CONAI devotes special attention to packaging designed for multi-year use: since 2012, it has introduced incentives and simplified contributions for reusable packaging which it has constantly updated.

After falling in 2020, as a result of contractions in the B2B sector (which typically uses this type of packaging) following on from the economic situation, in 2022 volumes of packaging reused via CONAI incentive procedures continue the upward trend which resumed in 2021.



SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI, Programme for the Prevention and Management of Packaging and Packaging Waste 2022.



Recycling

EFFECTIVE RECYCLING RATE 10.358 million t -0.4% compared to 2021 -0.2 percentage points compared to 2021

EFFECTIVE RECYCLING

	2021	2022	Annual change
Material	ktonnes	ktonnes	%
Steel	390	418	7.3
Aluminium	58	60	3.4
Paper	4,485	4,311	-3.9
Wood	2,203	2,147	-2.6
Plastic and bioplastic	1,081	1,129	4.5
Glass	2,183	2,293	5.0
Total	10,400	10,358	-0.4

PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL PLACED ON THE MARKET WHICH WAS EFFECTIVELY RECYCLED

	2021	2022	Annual change
Material	%	%	% points
Steel	70.1	80.6	10.5
Aluminium	71.8	73.6	1.8
Paper	84.6	81.2	-3.4
Wood	63.9	62.7	-1.1
Plastic and bioplastic	47.6	48.9	1.0
Glass	76.6	80.8	4.2
Total	71.7	71.5	-0.2

SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI Research Centre based on institutional documents by packaging material consortia and self-compliance EPR schemes (May - 2023).



Recycling

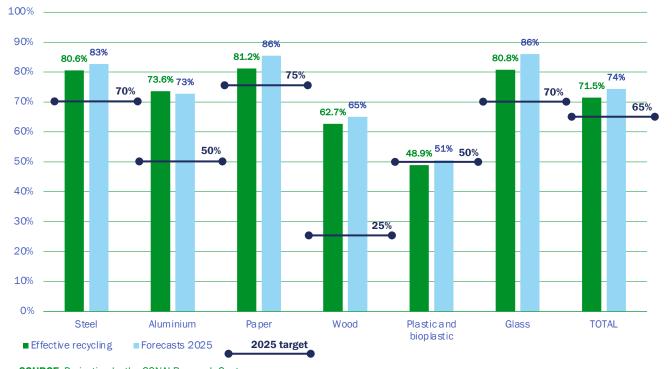
According to the European Commission's specific report of 8 January 2023, Italy is not one of the countries at risk with regard to recycling targets.



Current projections predict that **2025 targets will be achieved for all packaging supply chains**, and place Italy in a positive position for the 2030 targets.

2025 recycling target already exceeded, and sector-specific targets well within reach.

ACHIEVED RESULTS (EFFECTIVE RECYCLING) COMPARED WITH 2025 TARGETS AND 2025 FORECASTS



SOURCE: Projection by the CONAl Research Centre.



Recycling

The contribution to national recycling by packaging material consortia, self-compliance EPR schemes, and the market.

The CONAI EPR organisation acts in a MARKET SUPPORT role and guarantees free competition in the market for secondary raw materials.

Positive market trends have resulted in

a decrease in the recycling managed by the CONAI EPR organisation for wood, plastic and glass material.

The new calculation methodology provided by Decision (EU) 2019/665 and applied to the 2022 data also required the 2021 data to be rectified.

MANAGEMENT OF PACKAGING WASTE SENT FOR RECYCLING FROM 1998 TO 2022



SOURCE: Data generated from historical data by the CONAI Research Centre.



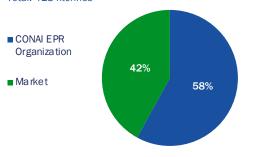
Recycling

The contribution of packaging material consortia to recycling by material.

SOURCE: CONAI, General Programme for the Prevention and Management of Packaging and Packaging Waste 2022.

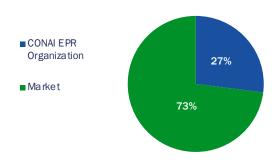
STEEL

Total: 418 ktonnes



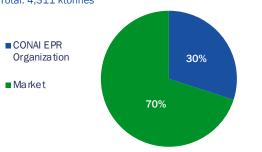
ALUMINIUM

Total: 60 ktonnes

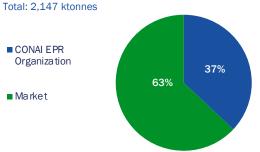


PAPER

Total: 4,311 ktonnes

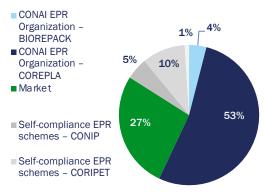


WOOD



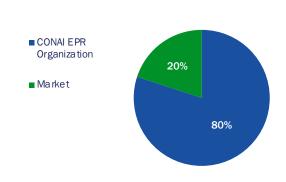
PLASTIC AND BIOPLASTIC

Total: 1,129 ktonnes



GLASS

Total: 2,293 ktonnes





Recycling

The contribution of packaging material consortia to recycling by material.



STEEL

Total: 418 ktonnes

Quantity: +7.3%, bringing the effective recycling result to 80.6%. Direct management by the RICREA consortium accounts for 58% of the total recycled.



ALUMINIUMTotal: 60 ktonnes

Quantity: +3.4%, effective recycling result of 73.6% also due to the inclusion of the incineration bottom ash recovery stream. Management by the CiAl consortium accounts for 27%.



PAPER

Total: 4,311 ktonnes

Quantity: -3.9%, 81.2% effective recycling result. Management by the Comieco consortium accounts for 30%.



WOOD

Total: 2,147 ktonnes

Quantity: -2.6%, 62.7% recycling result, with 903 ktonnes from regenerated packaging. Management by the Rilegno consortium accounts for 37%.



Total: 1,129 ktonnes



PLASTIC

Quantity: +4.5%, 48.9% recycling result.

New recycling streams for mixed plastics and film. Management by the Corepla consortium accounts for 53%.



BIODEGRADABLE AND COMPOSTABLE PLASTICS

61% recycling in the organic waste stream in the Biorepack consortium's second year of operation. They contribute to 4% of Italy's total recycling of plastic packaging.



GLASS

Total: 2,293 ktonnes

Quantity: +5%, 80.8% recycling result, including through the use of secondary raw material (glass sand).

Management by the CoReVe consortium

accounts for 80%.



Energy recovery



Data derived from:

- residual components of treatment of packaging waste managed by packaging material consortia or self-compliance EPR schemes
- packaging waste present in municipal waste sent for energy recovery through waste-to-energy and secondary solid fuel production plants

PACKAGING WASTE FOR ENERGY RECOVERY

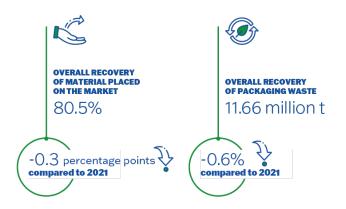
	2021	2022	Annual change
Material	ktonnes	ktonnes	%
Steel	0	0	0
Aluminium	3.7	3.4	-8.1%
Paper	333.8	305.5	-8.5%
Wood	69.2	59.0	-14.7%
Plastic	925.1	933.9	0.9%
Glass	-	-	
Total	1,331.8	1,301.8	-2.3%

SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI Research Centre based on institutional documents by packaging material consortia and self-compliance EPR schemes (May - 2023).



Total recovery

ktonnes



PACKAGING WASTE SENT TO RECYCLING AND ENERGY RECOVERY IN ITALY FROM 1998 TO 2022

1.332 1.302 12,000 1,476 1,419 1,440 1,409 1,377 1,371 10,000 1,277 1,126 1,182 1,105 1,096 1,093 1,085 1,268 1,361 1,263 8,000 1,034 829 788 6,000 374 10,400 10,358 9,270 9,561 9,651 7,346 7,511 7,562 7,642 7,824 8,225 8,501 8.829 4,000 7,152 7,259 6,946 6,371 6,448 6,711 5.926 5.746 5.062 2,000 4,138 3,647 3.335 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2007 2008 2009 2010 2000 2006 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

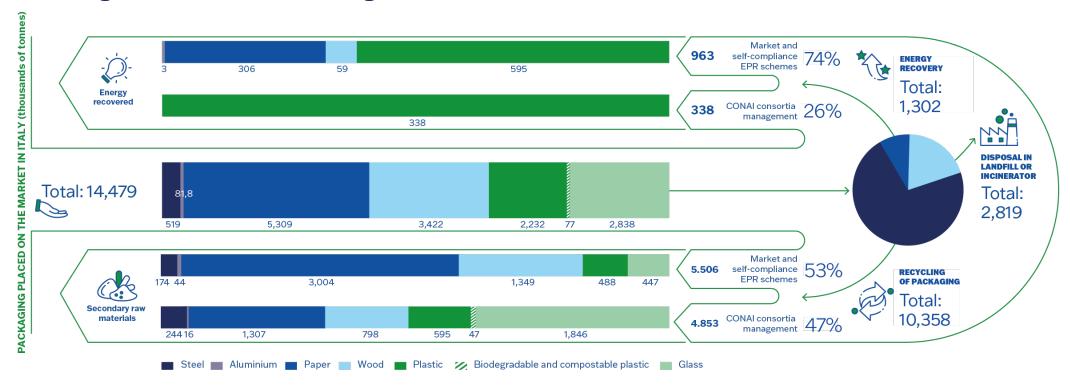
■ Packaging waste for energy recovery (including the extraneous component present)

SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI – Research Centre, from historical data.

■ Packaging waste sent for recycling



Overall figures for material and management in 2022



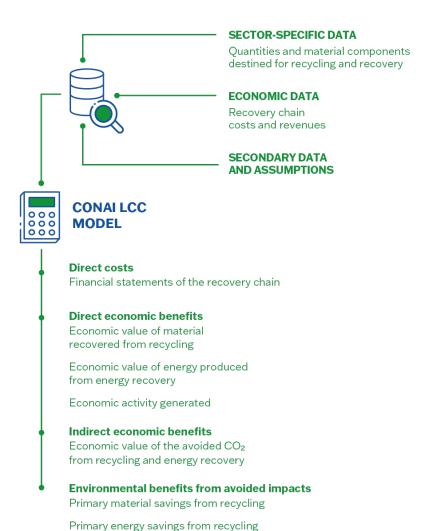
SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI – Research Centre, from historical data.

DATA: Thousands of tonnes.



CONAI Life Cycle Costing Tool

The CONAI Life Cycle Costing Tool (LCC) allows the costs/benefits to be quantified at the national level for the entire sector.



Avoided CO₂ production from recycling

and energy recovery





in 2022

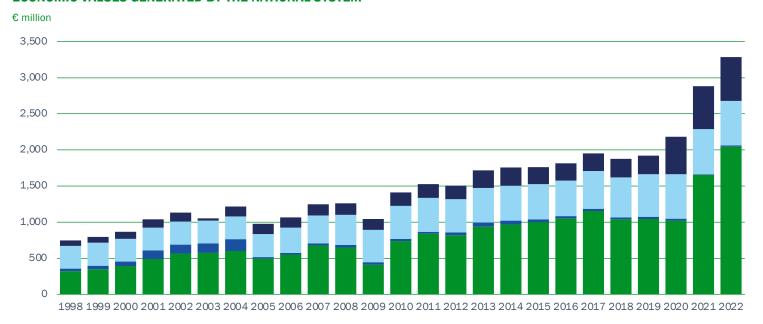
OVERALL TOTAL

€ 3 billion

in 25 years over € 38 billion

Economic benefits

ECONOMIC VALUES GENERATED BY THE NATIONAL SYSTEM



- Economic value of primary material saving: the economic value of the amount of primary material saving.
- Economic value of energy produced from energy recovery: the economic value obtained from the amount of energy produced from the energy recovery of packaging waste.
- Economic value of the avoided CO₂ from recycling and energy recovery: the indirect economic value calculated from reduced greenhouse gas emissions due to recycling and energy recovery.
- Economic activity generated: the economic value of activities taking into account those working in collection and preparation of packaging recycling.





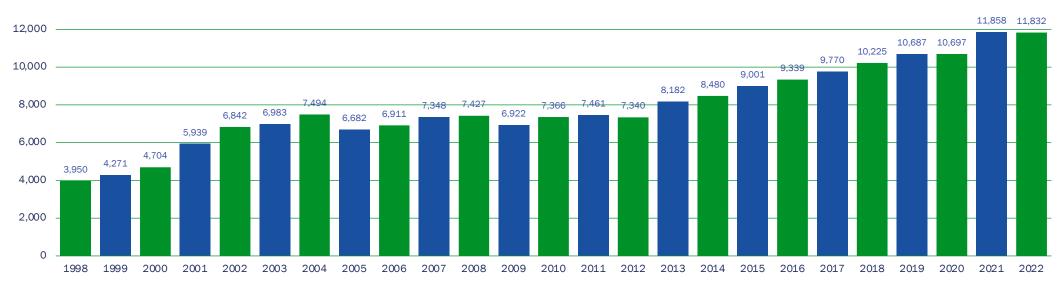
200 million tonnes

Primary material savings *

* The primary material savings from recycling refers to the amount of primary material that has been avoided due to the recycling of packaging.

PRIMARY MATERIAL SAVINGS

ktonnes





in 25 years 160 million co₂ EMISSIONS AVOIDED tonnes of CO₂eq

Avoided CO₂eq production from recycling *

* The avoided production of CO₂ from recycling is the difference between the saved production of greenhouse gases due to the avoided production of primary material and the greenhouse gas emissions from preparation operations for packaging recycling

(transport and processing to convert packaging waste into new raw material). Greenhouse gases are all gases (such as CO_2) that have a global warming effect if emitted into the atmosphere.

AVOIDED CO₂ PRODUCTION FROM RECYCLING



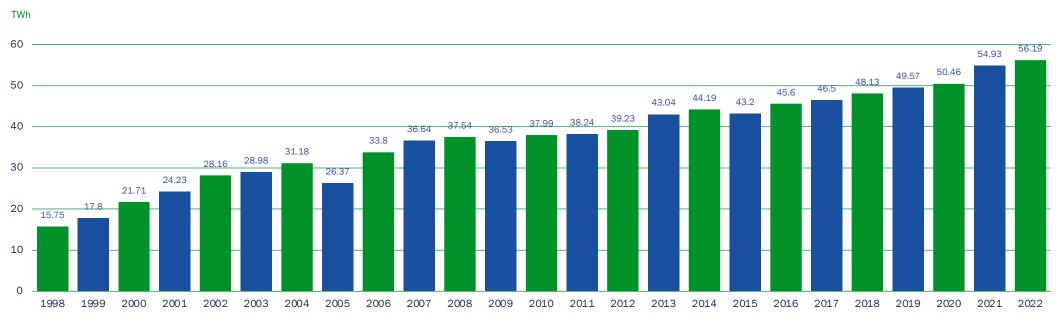




Primary energy savings from recycling *

* The primary energy savings from recycling refer to the amount of primary energy from fossil fuels avoided due to recycling.

PRIMARY ENERGY SAVINGS FROM RECYCLING



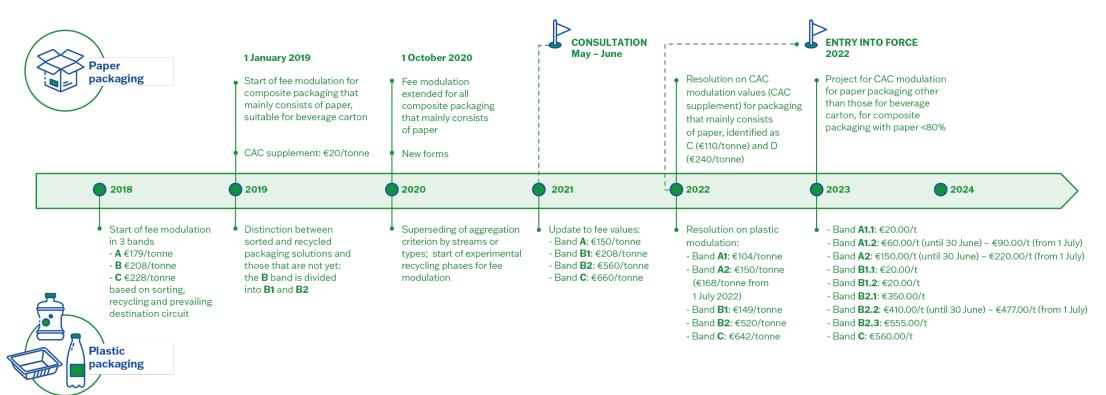




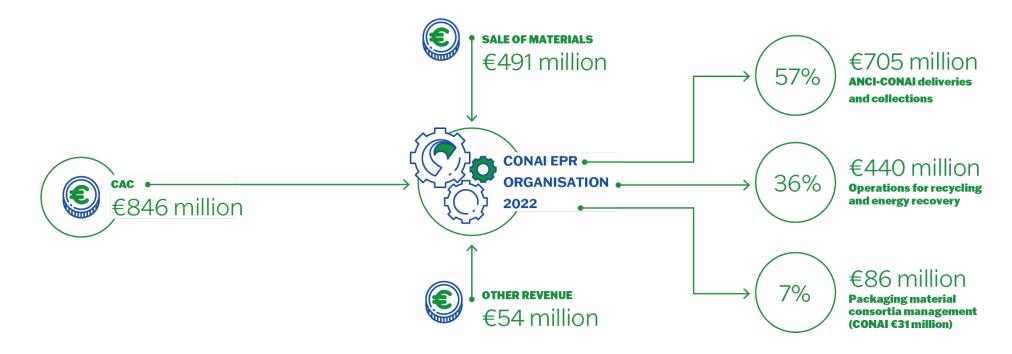
CONAI Environmental Contribution (CAC) and fee modulation

2022 - CAC supplement for paper packaging other than those for beverage carton

Enhancements to modulation criteria for plastic packaging



Economic results of system



€160 million in reserves generated in 2022 as a result of the lower quantities handled by the CONAI EPR organisation and the continuation of positive trends in secondary raw material listings. By late 2022, there was a reversal in trend for both values.

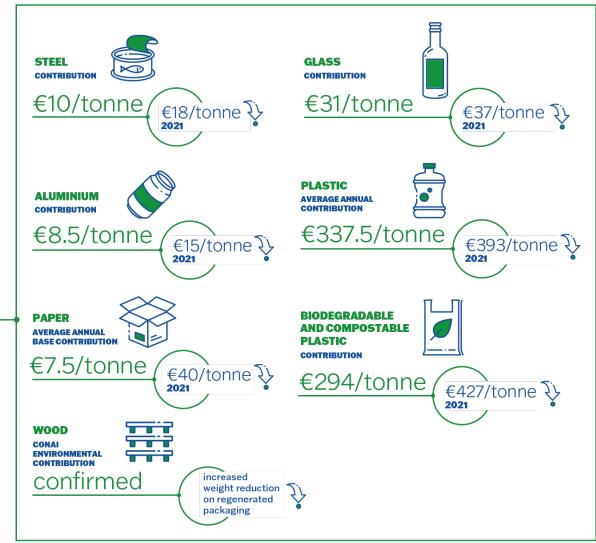
SOURCE: Data summary generated by CONAI from Management Report and Financial Statements 2022 data.



Economic results of system

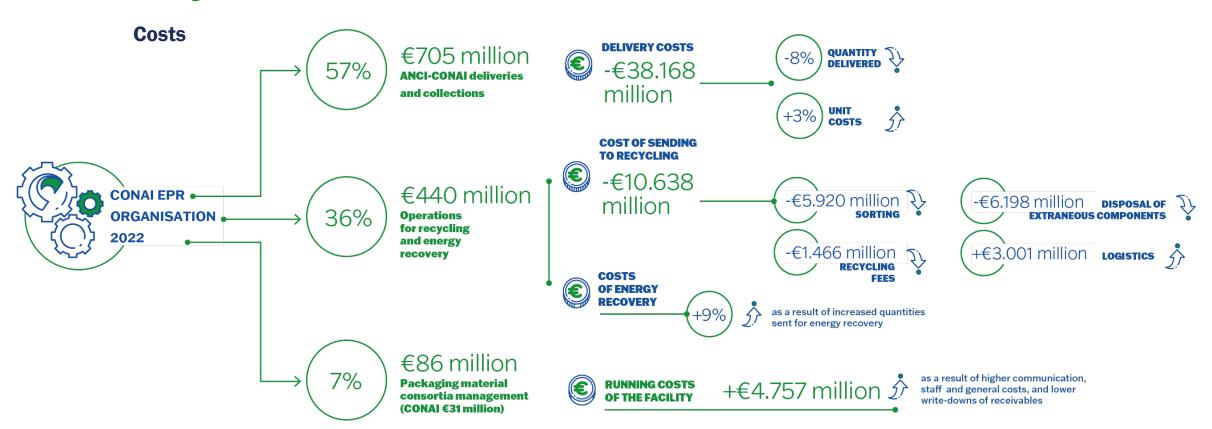
CAC





SOURCE: Data summary generated by CONAI from Management Report and Financial Statements 2022 data.

Economic results of system



SOURCE: Data summary generated by CONAI from Management Report and Financial Statements 2022 data.



"PENSARE FUTURO" (THINKING THE FUTURE)

Eco-design for increasingly sustainable and recyclable packaging.













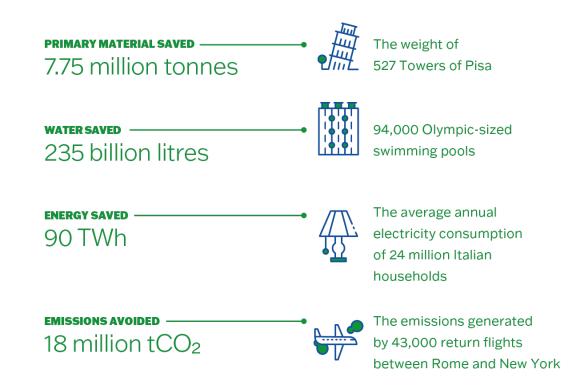


CONAI EcoPack

Designed to reward the most sustainable packaging solutions.

For each type of packaging, the average environmental benefits generated through "amplification" of eco-design levers were calculated for all packaging in the typical basket placed on the market in Italy. These improvements were then multiplied by the number of units sold, based on an analysis of packaging placed on the market by material and product category for the year 2022.

PREVENTION HAS SIGNIFICANT POTENTIAL IN TERMS OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL BENEFITS IT CAN BRING





Key tools

Two key tools of consortium management for the proper end-of-life of packaging and increasing its recycling rate:





Also encompasses extraordinary support projects for the local authorities which have lagged most behind, to narrow the gap between different areas of the country.







PLATFORMS FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL PACKAGING AND PACKAGING WASTE

Consists of incentives to repair packaging, regenerators, and a packaging waste interception network.



ANCI-CONAI deliveries

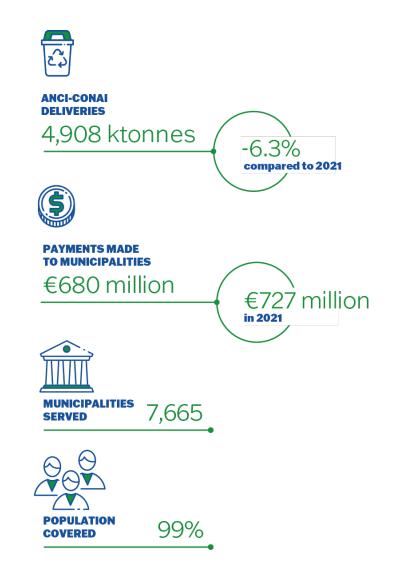
ITALY

Decreasing quantities due to the positive trend of the secondary raw materials market, in line with the Agreement's subsidiarity principle.

ANCI-CONAI DELIVERIES

	FINAL RES	Delta vs 2021	
Material	ktonnes	kg/person	%
Steel	131	2.6	-16.7
Aluminium	16.5	0.354	-7
Paper	1,307	23.8	-16.5
Wood	n/a	n/a	n/a
Plastic	1,292	22.13	-1
Biodegradable and compostable plastic	42.9	1.13	30.1
Glass	2,118	37.06	-0.7
Total	4,908		-6.3

SOURCE: CONAI, General Programme for the Prevention and Management of Packaging and Packaging Waste 2022.





CONAl support for recycling

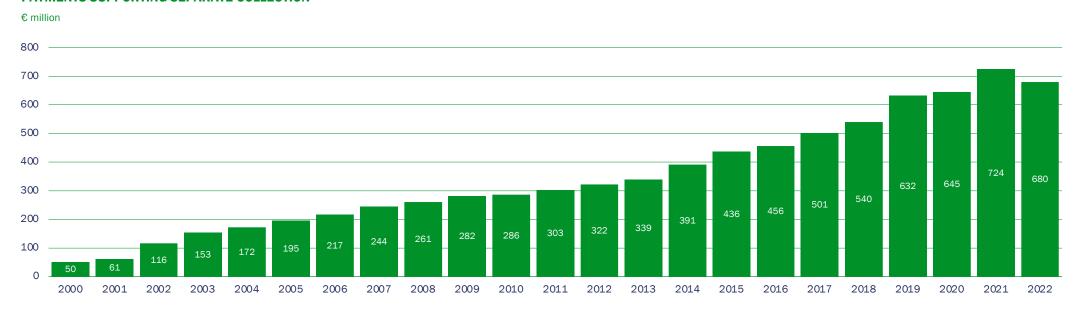
in 21 years over €8 billion

paid by the CONAI EPR organisation to municipalities/managers to support separate collection

Payments made to municipalities

The payment made to municipalities – through the packaging material consortia – is the most important instrument through which CONAI promotes the growth of separate collection of packaging waste.

PAYMENTS SUPPORTING SEPARATE COLLECTION



SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI – Research Centre, from historical data.



CONAl support for recycling



Recycling and energy recovery contribution

The contribution made to sector operators – through the packaging material consortia – is the instrument through which CONAI promotes the development of the sector for recycling and recovery of packaging waste.

RECYCLING AND RECOVERY CONTRIBUTION



SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI – Research Centre, from historical data.



CONAl support for recycling

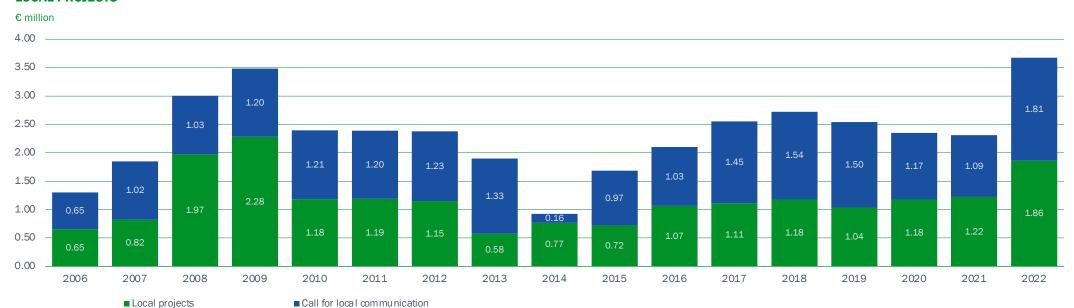
in 16 years overall total almost €40 million

paid by the CONAI EPR organisation to local projects

Local projects

ANCI and CONAI have agreed, within the Framework Agreement and with specific reference to the management of packaging waste, to support the local development of the most effective and efficient municipal waste management methods, with a particular focus on the areas of the country that are lagging furthest behind.

LOCAL PROJECTS



SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI – Research Centre, from historical data.



ANCI-CONAI call for local communication projects

The instrument by which individual or associated municipalities, government bodies and/or waste service managers appointed by them, can obtain a co-financing contribution in order to implement local communication projects that they have developed.

Closing of assessments for 2021/2022 edition

€1,200,000 of allocated funding +9%
44 projects co-funded +7%
7.5 million inhabitants involded -25%

Launch of 2022/2023 edition

• 105 projects presented

PROJECTS PRESENTED				
	2021/2022	2022/2023		
North	15	34		
Centre	19	23		
South	25	48		

SOURCE: CONAI, General Programme for the Prevention and Management of Packaging and Packaging Waste 2022.



Extraordinary activities to support EGATO operations and/or municipalities in relation to the PNNR

Total projects presented – PNNR

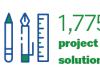


4.7 million inhabitants reached by CONAI action



189 total municipalities involved *

* of which 185 approved for funding





CITIES INVOLVED





1.290 **SPT-A1**

Mini intelligent recycling centres (on fenced-off publicly-owned land)



82 SPT-A2

Mini intelligent apartment block / neighbourhood recycling centres (on unfenced-off publicly-owned land)



220 **spt**-в

Supplies of Digital Recycling stations or Ecoboxes



100 **SPT** - **C**

Implementation of hardware and software tools and fast billing



76 **SPT-D1**

Small municipal collection centres (2.400 m²)



7 SPT - D2

Large municipal collection centres (3,600 m²)

SOURCE: CONAI, General Programme for the Prevention and Management of Packaging and Packaging Waste 2022.



Industrial and commercial packaging

The CONAI system offers a secondinstance industrial and commercial waste packaging service, performing strictly a guarantee function.

Consortium	Reuse	Regeneration	Recycling	Assimilation
RICREA		• Drums and tanks: 34 ktonnes	Non-regenerable hazardous drums: 12 ktonnes Non-hazardous non-reusable: 125 ktonnes Strapping: 29 ktonnes	
COMIECO			Collection at business premises and other small and medium-sized businesses (UND) Network of 142 platforms	Cardboard boxes from households in combined separate collection and non-domestic-use in selective separate collection
RILEGNO	Weight abatement on CAC for reusable packaging: 908 ktonnes benefited from CAC reduction	Recovered cistern bases: 9 ktonnes per 31 plants Pallet retreatment project: 133 ktonnes of regenerated pallets from 65 EPR organisation members	Network of 378 platforms: 797 ktonnes	
COREPLA		Drums and tanks (PIFU): 24.5 ktonnes per 32 plants	PEPS – expanded polystyrene packaging recycling platform: 10.3 ktonnes per 28 plants	• Film: 142.7 ktonnes
			Network of 53 platforms in partnership with CARPI consortium affiliated plants: 180.6 ktonnes	

SOURCE: Abstract, General Programme for the Prevention and Management of Packaging and Packaging Waste 2022.



Economic benefits

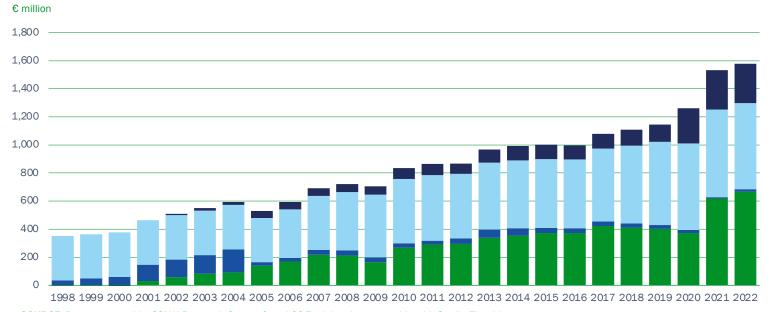


in 2022 overall total € 1.5 billion

in 25 years

over € 20 billion

ECONOMIC VALUES GENERATED BY THE CONAI SYSTEM



- Economic value of primary material saving: the economic value of the amount of primary material saving.
- Economic value of energy produced from energy recovery: the economic value obtained from the amount of energy produced from the energy recovery of packaging waste.
- Economic value of the avoided CO₂ from recycling and energy recovery: the indirect economic value calculated from reduced greenhouse gas emissions due to recycling and energy recovery.
- Economic activity generated: the economic value of activities taking into account those working in collection and preparation of packaging recycling*.
 - * The estimated figure includes the total indirect benefits of economic activity generated as presented in 'The benefits of packaging recycling in Italy'.



Primary material savings

Using the LCC Tool, CONAI has estimated the amount of material, derived from virgin raw materials, that is saved through the use of secondary raw materials obtained from waste sent for recycling by the various supply chains over 25 years of activity.



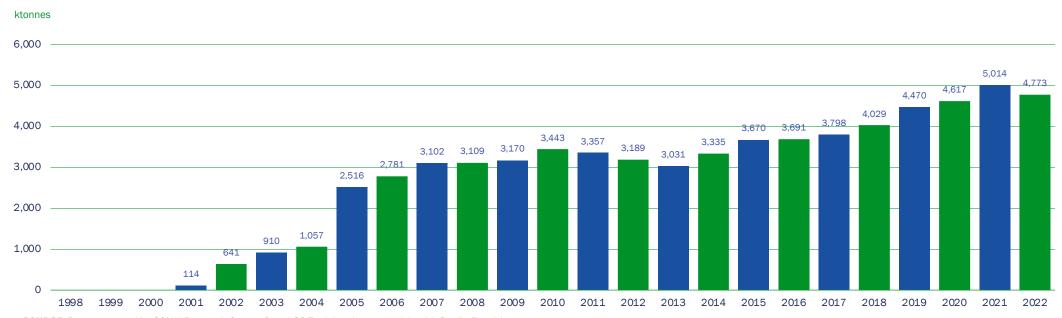
in 25 years

MATERIAL SAVED DUE TO THE USE OF SECONDARY RAW MATERIALS

68 million tonnes



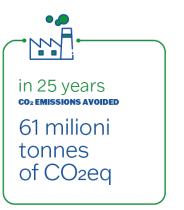
PRIMARY MATERIAL SAVINGS

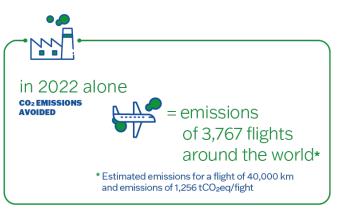




Avoided CO₂eq production from recycling *

* The avoided production of CO₂ from recycling is the difference between the saved production of greenhouse gases due to the avoided production of primary material and the greenhouse gas emissions from preparation operations for packaging recycling





(transport and processing to convert packaging waste into new raw material). Greenhouse gases are all gases (such as CO₂) that have a global warming effect if emitted into the atmosphere.

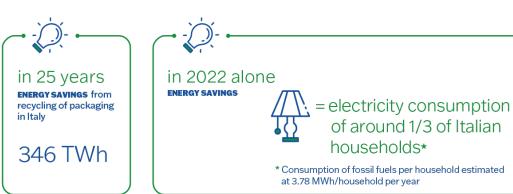
AVOIDED CO₂ PRODUCTION FROM RECYCLING



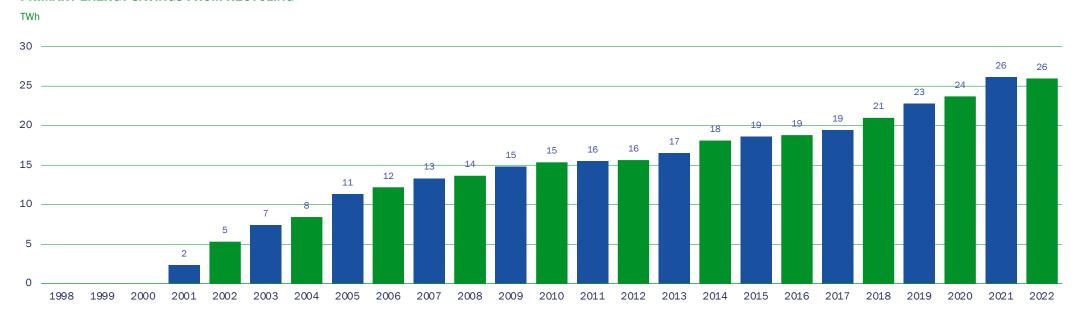


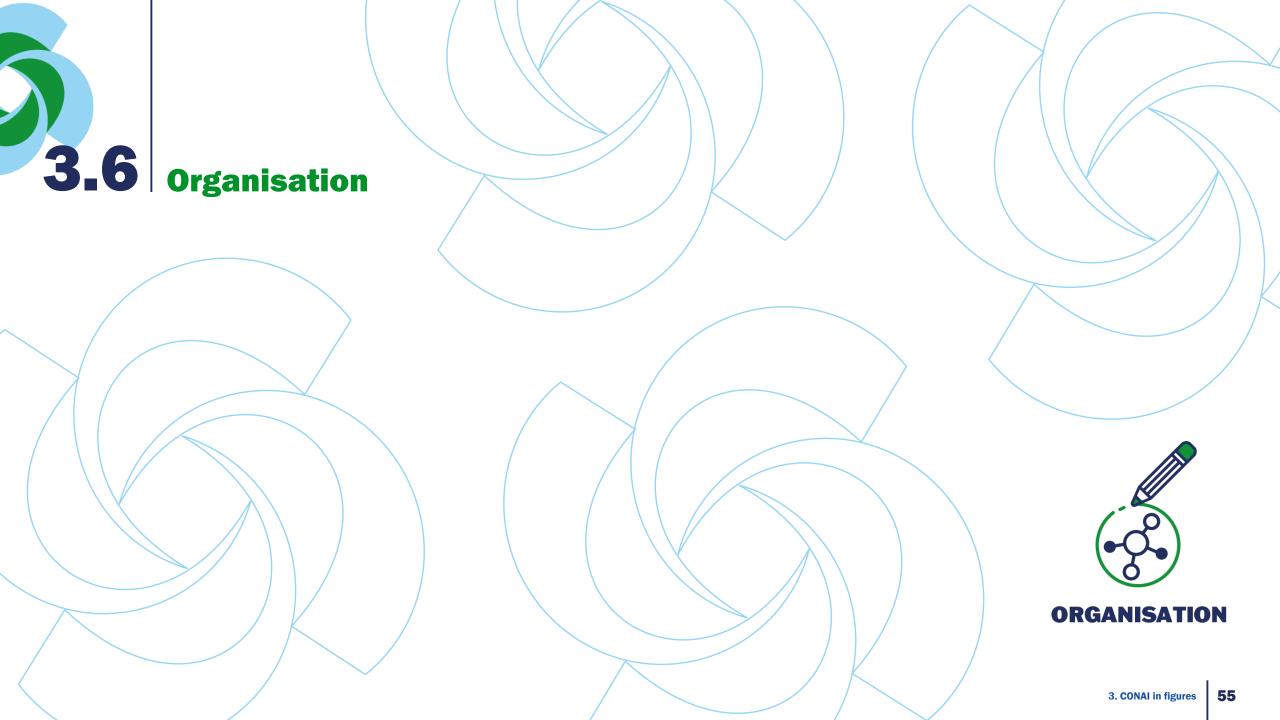
Primary energy savings from recycling *

* The primary energy savings from recycling refer to the amount of primary energy from fossil fuels avoided due to recycling.



PRIMARY ENERGY SAVINGS FROM RECYCLING











Material and waste management in offices

The **reduction in waste production** is mainly attributed to:

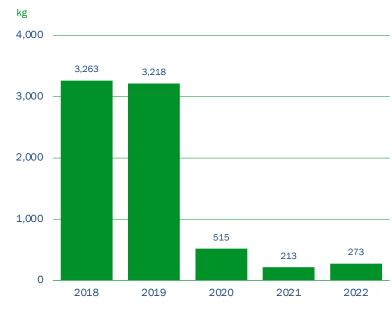
- updated conversion factors
- timely measurement of waste disposal from office bins during the year

The **fluctuations in paper purchased** over the years can be attributed not only to actual changes in consumption, but also to inventory dynamics.





PAPER PURCHASED IN OFFICES IN MILAN AND ROME



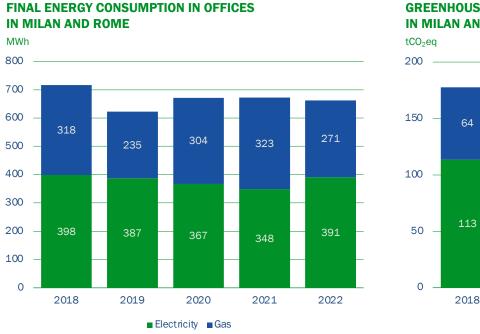
SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI Research Centre, from Environmental Management System data.



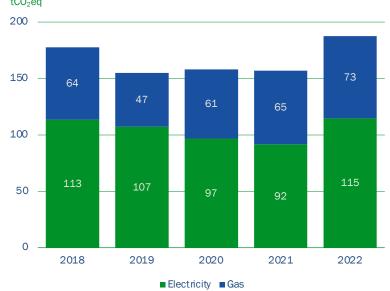


Managing energy consumption and emissions in offices

The increase in recorded emissions is mainly attributable to updated emission factors.



GREENHOUSE GASSES PRODUCED BY OFFICES IN MILAN AND ROME



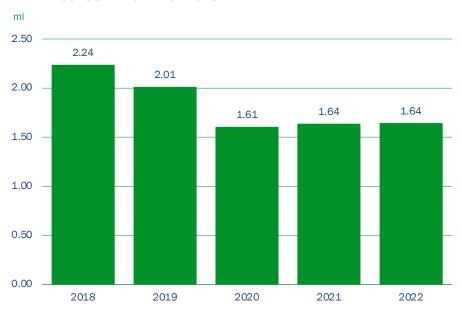
SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI Research Centre, from Environmental Management System data.



Managing water consumption in offices

Stable consumption in 2022, confirming the substantial **reduction** compared to levels before the start of the pandemic.

WATER CONSUMPTION IN OFFICES IN MILAN



SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI Research Centre, from Environmental Management System data.

The 2021 figure, the same as the 2022 figure, is not yet final. It is determined through the service manager's average annual consumption calculated as established in article 10 of annex A (TIMSII) of ARERA Resolution 218/2016/R/IDR.

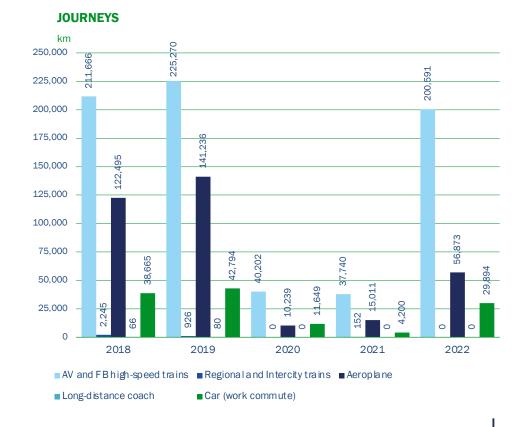




Employee transport



SOURCE: Data generated by CONAI Research Centre, from Environmental Management System data.







Studies and research



Regulations and market

CESISP

Economia e regolazione dei servizi, dell'industria e del settore pubblico

REF Ricerche

Prevention

Laboratorio e supporto regolatorio

AGICI Finanza d'impresa

Utilities e strategie di governance

Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna Progetto SCELTA

Osservatorio sulle iniziative di prevenzione a livello sociale

Reporting

Prometeia

Analisi e previsioni immesso al consumo e MPS

Istituto Italiano Imballaggio

Monitoraggio immesso al consumo e importazioni

Plastic Consultant

Monitoraggio flussi specifici

Strategy& PwC

Presidio prescrizioni applicabili

IPLA

Monitoraggio imballaggi destinati a recupero energetico da flusso indifferenziato



PUBLICATIONS 2022

UNIVERSITÀ CATTOLICA

Analisi sulle differenti tipologie di architettura istituzionale di riciclo di Europa

AGICI FINANZA D'IMPRESA

Strategie degli operatori e assetti di governance regionali nel settore dei rifiuti

SCUOLA SUPERIORE SANT'ANNA

Progetto SCELTA - Osservatorio sulle tendenze di acquisto dei consumatori

CONAI

FARE CIRCOLARE

PLASTIC CONSULT

Potenzialità di impiego dei combustibile solido secondario da rifiuti (CSS)



Local entities

SUSDEF

Green City Network

SUSDEF

Italia del Riciclo

PUBLICATIONS 2022

CONAI - TUTTOAMBIENTE

Cessazione della qualifica di rifiuto, vademecum per le imprese

SUSDEF

Green City Network Le principali novità normative in materia di gestione dei rifiuti urbani Aggiornamento per le amministrazioni locali

REMADE

Indagine sull'utilizzo di materiale riciclato nell'industria del packaging e sul Green Public Procurement in Italia

International

EXPRA

Confronto, studi e collaborazioni tra Sistemi EPR

UNIVERSITÀ BOCCONI

Screening the EU packaging waste mangement: Producer Responsibility Organisation efficiency and effectiveness

EGEN PNO GROUP

Mapping DRS, Deposit Refund System for Re-use and for Recycling in Europe

WUPPERTAL INSTITUTE

Packaging EPR FEE in UE

UNIVERSITÀ BOCCONI

Valutare delle opportunità dei Sistemi di Deposit Return System (DRS) per i rifiuti di imballaggio in Italia

CENTRO MATERIA RINNOVABILE

Packaging EU EPR Organisations: Grado di responsabilità Operativa



Training and skills development projects

CONAl's involvement in circular economy skills training is growing.

PROMOS RESEARCH UNIVERSITY CONSORTIUM AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT SCHOOL (UNIVERSITY OF CAMPANIA)

Two editions of the 1-month "Green Jobs" advanced training course for 160 recent graduates.

THREE-YEAR PARTNERSHIP WITH ENEA

1st edition of call for 6 dissertations (over 3 years) on circular economy and waste management.

- €3,000 for each dissertation
- Series dedicated to dissertations

TUSCIA UNIVERSITY

- Training seminar cycle for students (5 weeks)
- 1st edition of UNITUS-CONAl graduate prize for 2 dissertations on eco-design and circular economy

CIRCULAR SOUTH

Fostering project planning and entrepreneurship in the circular economy.

- 80 students and recent graduates involved
- 3 winning teams

PRIMARY SCHOOL



SCHOOL PROJECT - "CLASS RECYCLING"

on separate collection and recycling of packaging waste.

- Academic year 2021/2022
- Theatre show "It depends on us"
- 395 participating classes
- 1.345 entries
- 9,800 students

SCHOOL OF ADVANCED STUDIES ECOLOGICAL TRANSITION

- 8-week e-learning course
- 28 "waste managers" involved





Guidance documents

HUMAN RIGHTS

- Organisational Model 231
- · Code of ethics

In accordance with the regulations on the administrative liability of legal persons set out in Legislative Decree 231/2001 and consistent with its own ethical and social principles of fairness and transparency in the conduct of institutional activities, the CONAI Board of Directors has adopted an Organisation, Management and Control Model and a Code of Ethics.

Anti-corruption and anti-trust

- Organisational Model 231
- CONAI Anti-trust Compliance Programme

The CONAI Board of Directors approved the "CONAI Antitrust Compliance Programme", which is a clear expression of the Consortium's intention to promote and implement the prevention of antitrust violations at every level of its structure.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

- Risk assessment document
- Participation of workers

CONAI has organised its prevention and protection service in accordance with current legislation.



Employee training and management

CONAI employees

In 2022, there was a further decline in the number of hours devoted to the professional development of workers.

This less pleasing result compared to 2021 (-56.04%) was influenced by the many commitments focused on promoting the results of the 25th anniversary of the establishment of CONAI.

part-time

Type of contracts Permanent

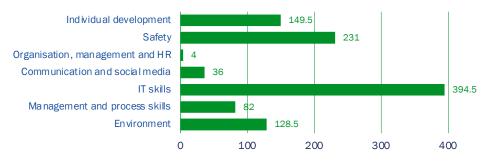
The Consortium's activities are performed by



COMPOSITION OF WORKFORCE

Level/age	Women	Men	Total
Executives	3	4	7
Managers	6	7	13
Level A	14	12	26
Level B	14	4	18
Level C	3	1	4
Level E	0	0	0
Total	40	28	68

DISTRIBUTION OF TRAINING HOURS BY SUBJECT AREA



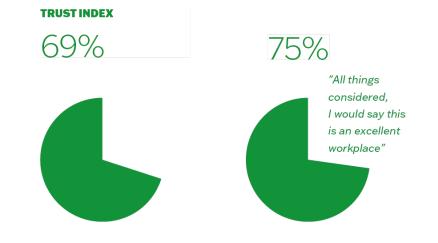


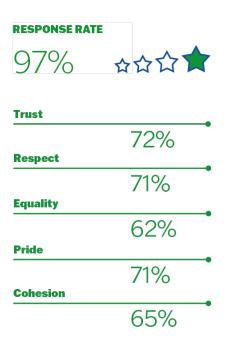


Employee training and management

In 2022, CONAI attained the annual certification Great Place to Work®.

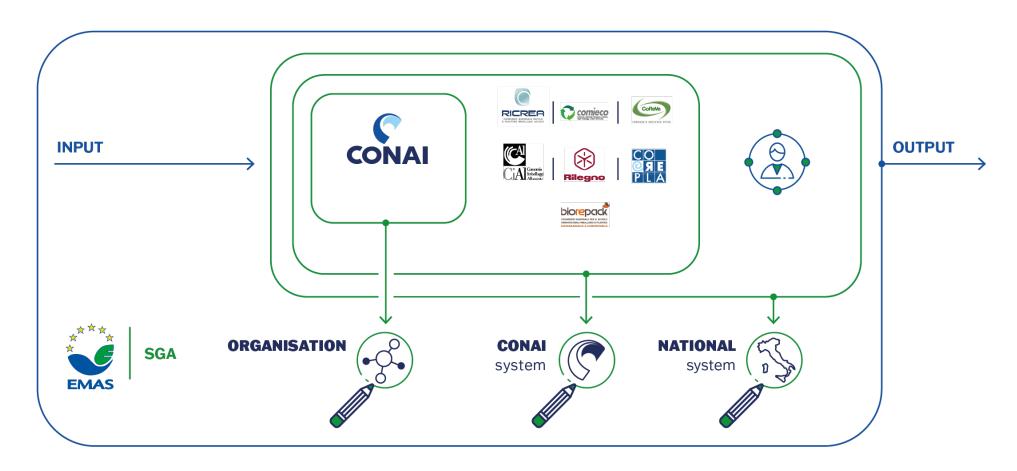








6.1 Scope of reporting





6.2 | Environmental Policy

Updated and amended in February 2022, the Environmental Policy, approved by CONAI's top management, is now fully implemented and is the main guiding document of the Environmental management system, adopted by CONAI in accordance with the requirements of Regulation (EC) 1221/2009 (EMAS III) and UNI EN ISO 14001.

Environmental Policy





Growing contribution to circular economy and environmental protection





Strengthening of stakeholder relations





Development of skills





Compliance with mandatory and voluntary requirements











Environmental Programme

The environmental objectives for the **three-year period 2022-2025** – some continuing from the previous three-year period – **were defined following principles and guidelines set out in the Environmental Policy.**

Environmental Programme





Growing contribution to circular economy and environmental protection



Strengthening of stakeholder relations





- Call for prevention
- Tools for prevention
- Fee modulation
- Actions in support of local events
- Call for local prevention
- Carbon neutrality

- Academy and community
- Support for EPR organisation members
- · Institutional relations
- Training and skills





Compliance with mandatory and voluntary requirements

 Guidelines and competences





Quality of data provided to institutions





• Participation in SGA





CONAI and the Sustainable Development Goals

Priority SDGs for CONAL



 Skills development: training, education, raising awareness among organisations, associations and citizens



- Promotion of innovation and research
- Secondary primary materials,
 EoW and circular economy



- Prevention of waste generation
- Achieving national recycling targets



- Consumption of raw materials
- Energy consumption
- Greenhouse gas emissions and climate change



Support for disadvantaged areas



 Greenhouse gas emissions and climate change



- Accountability: traceability, reliability and robustness of data
- Direct and indirect economic benefits of packaging recovery
- Financial support to ensure effective functioning of the system



 Support for the qualitative and quantitative growth of separate collection



- Consumption of raw materials
- Energy consumption
- Skills development: training, education, raising awareness among organisations, associations and citizens



7.2 The sector's contribution to combating climate change

What are the responses to decarbonisation in the various sectors?



STEEL

Increase the use of scrap and green energy.



WOOD

Increase CO₂ natural stock and absorption.



ALUMINIUM

Increase the use of alternative fuels and green energy.



PLASTIC

Renewability of raw materials.



PAPER

Energy efficiency and biomass.



GLASS

Use of scrap and alternative energy sources.



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